



# Institute for National Transformation

## Lecture 2

# Sixty Years of Africa Independence

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## An Odyssey



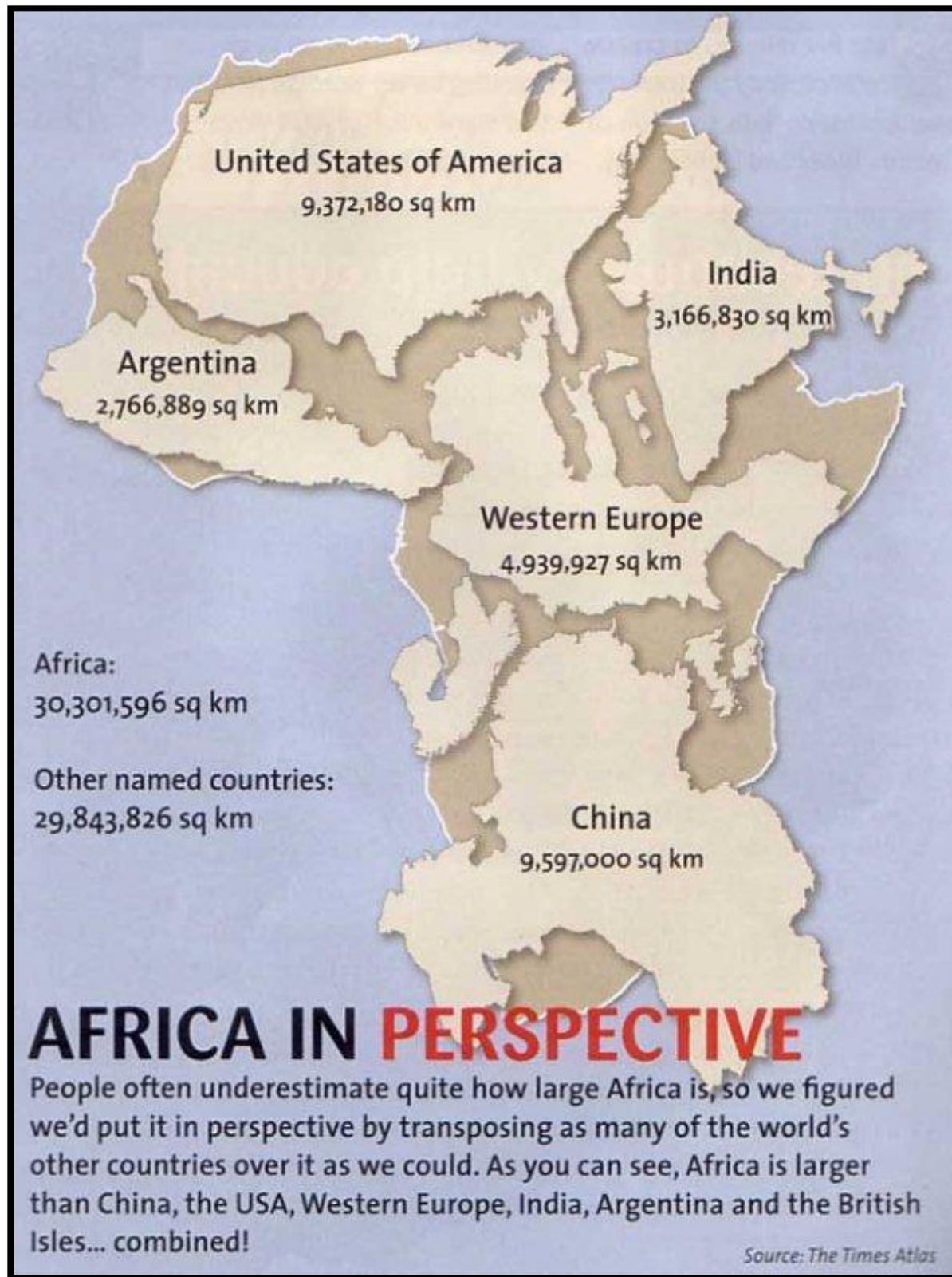
MARTIN MEREDITH

THE STATE OF  
AFRICA

A HISTORY OF FIFTY  
YEARS OF INDEPENDENCE

'You cannot even begin to understand contemporary African  
politics if you have not read this fascinating book'

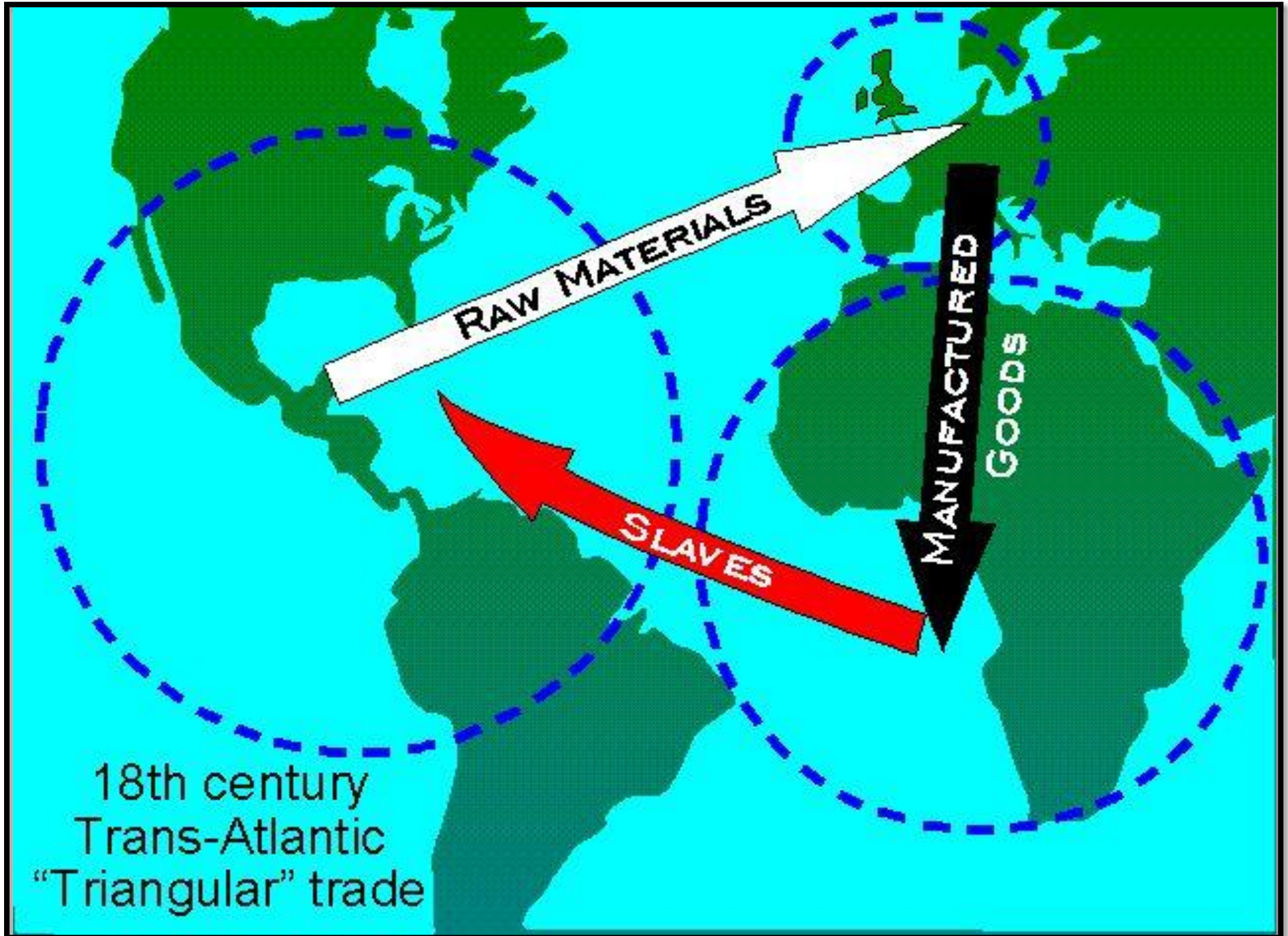
BOB GELDOF



# Presentation Outline

1. Some **historical facts** leading up to the formation of modern African nations.
2. Issues that **worsened** and **hindered** the synthesis of nationhood in African nations.
3. Africa's score card for some of the **Millennium Development Goals**.

# THE TRIANGULAR TRADE

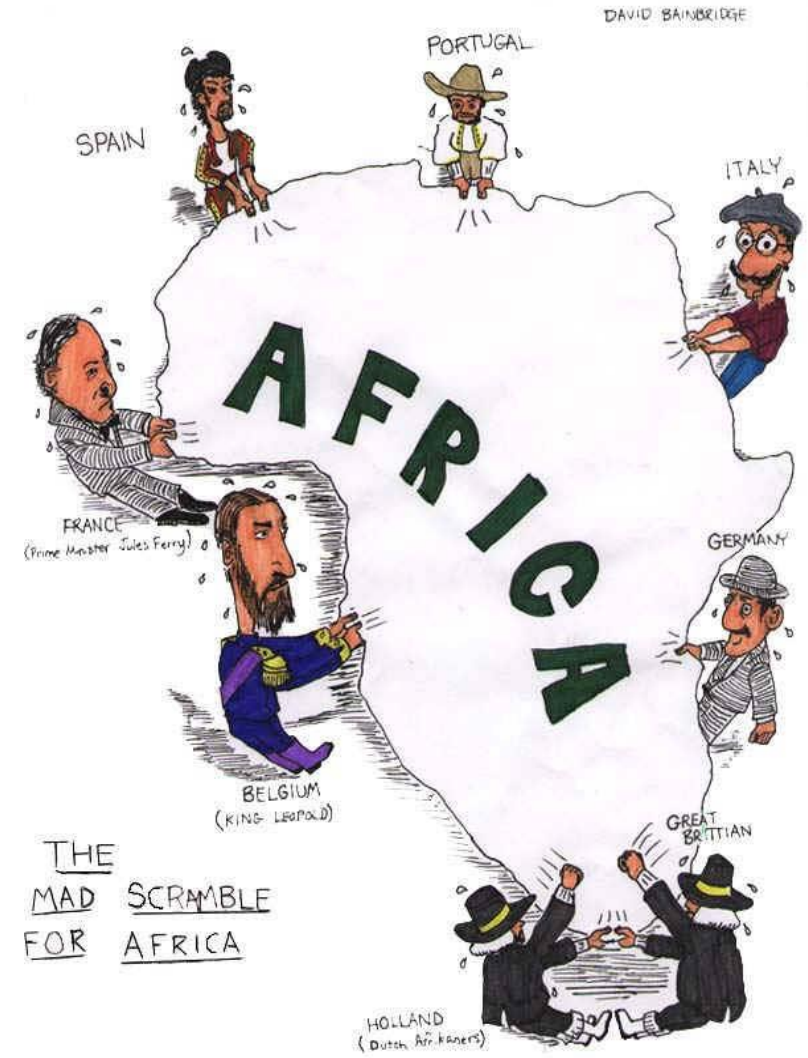




# Before 1948

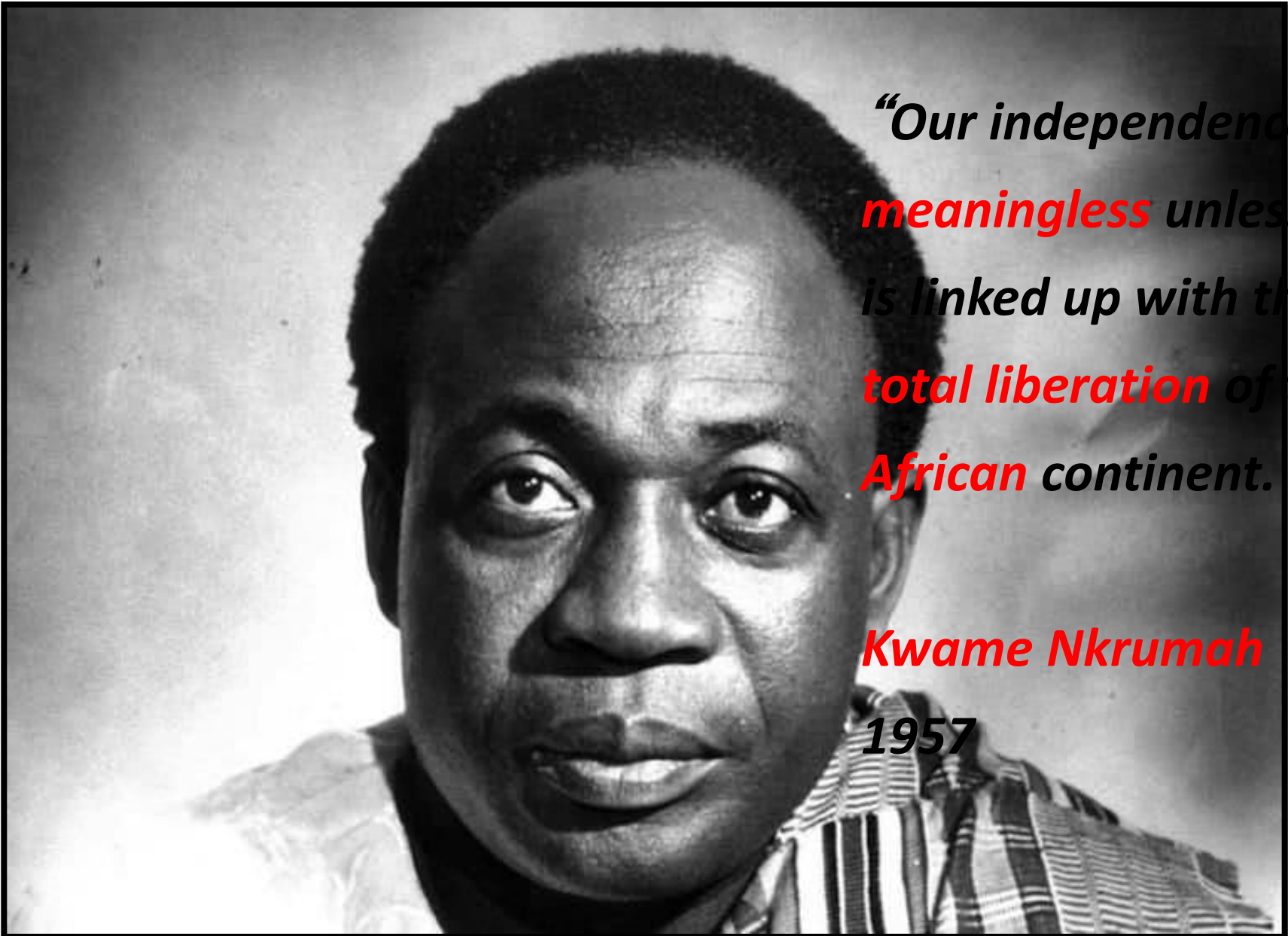


# Berlin Conference 1884-1885





# Emergence of New African Nations



*“Our independence is  
**meaningless** unless it  
is linked up with the  
**total liberation** of the  
**African** continent.”*

***Kwame Nkrumah***

***1957***





# All African Peoples Conference

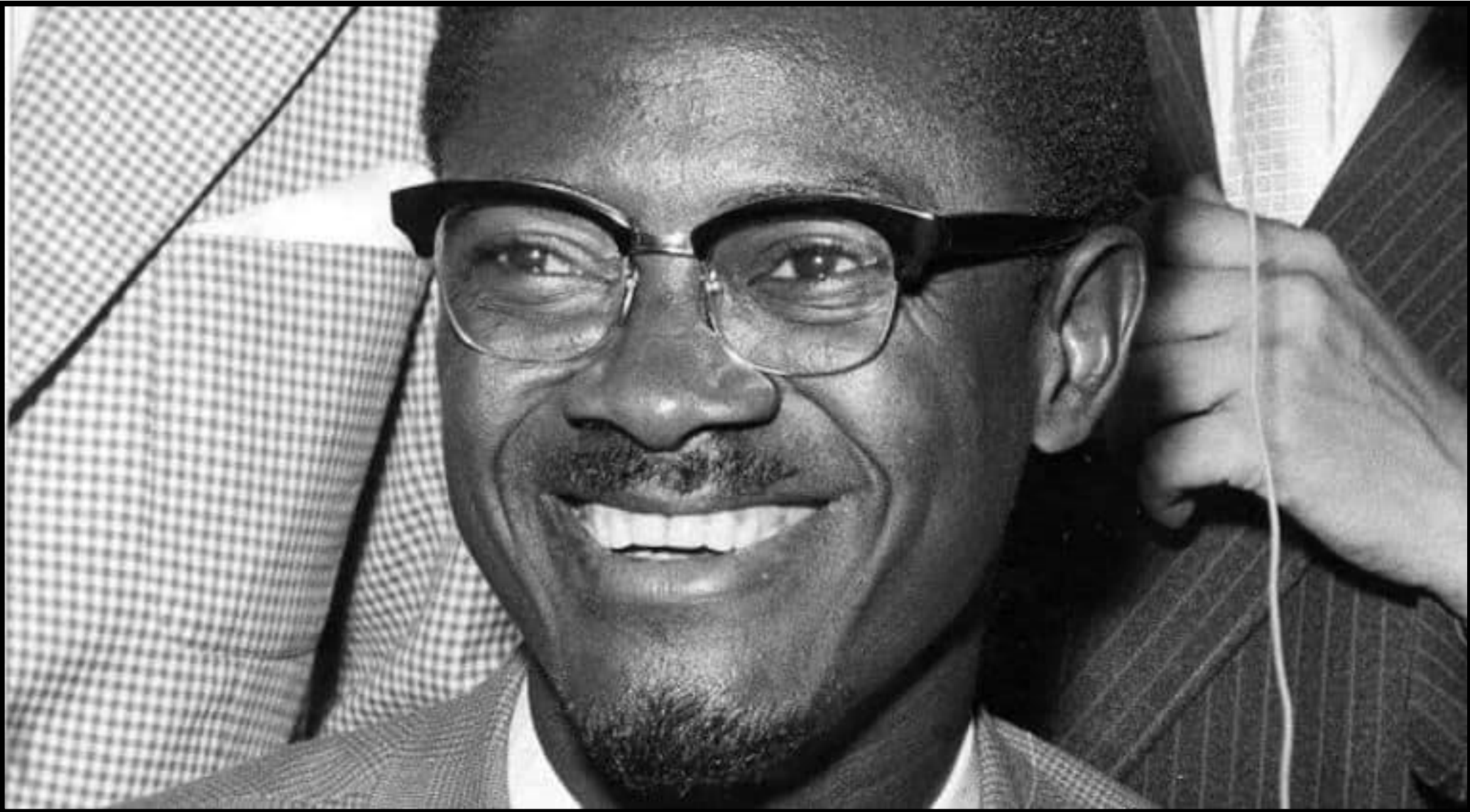
## Key Participants in the January 1958

- |                    |                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Kwame Nkrumah   | Host, PM of Ghana       |
| 2. Julius Nyerere  | Tanganyika- Tanzania    |
| 3. Joshua Nkomo    | Southern Rhodesia       |
| 4. Hasting Banda   | Nyasaland               |
| 5. Patrice Lumumba | Belgium Congo           |
| 6. Amika Cabral    | Portuguese Guinea       |
| 7. Holden Roberto  | Portuguese Angola       |
| 8. Tom Mboya       | Conference Chair, Kenya |



Institute for National  
Transformation

# RACE AND TRIBAL ISSUES





# RACE AND TRIBAL ISSUES



January 17, 1961: Lumumba **murdered**

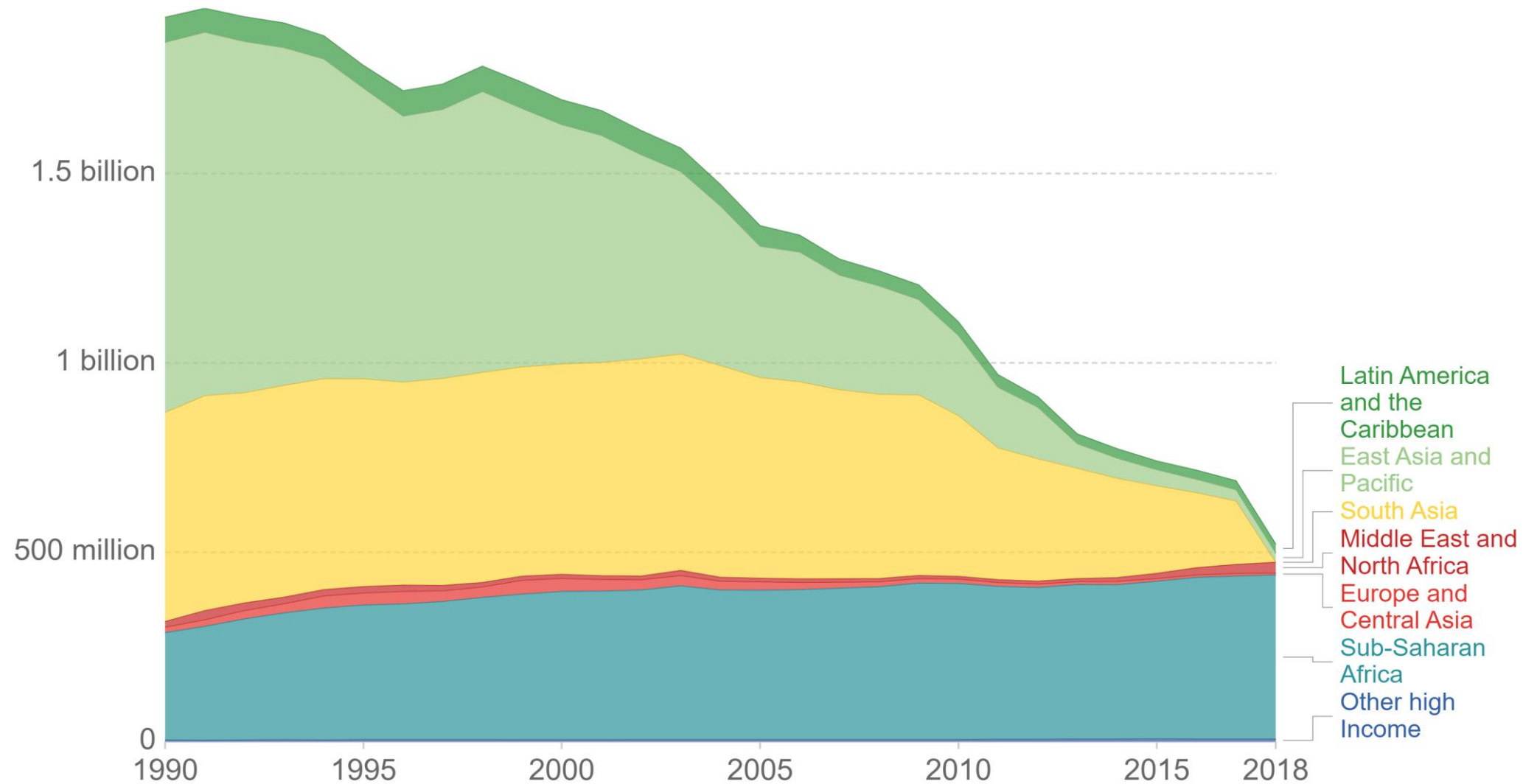
***www.population.io***



# Poverty Reduction

## Total population living in extreme poverty by world region

Extreme poverty is defined as living with per capita household consumption below 1.90 international dollars per day (in 2011 PPP prices). International dollars are adjusted for inflation and for price differences across countries.



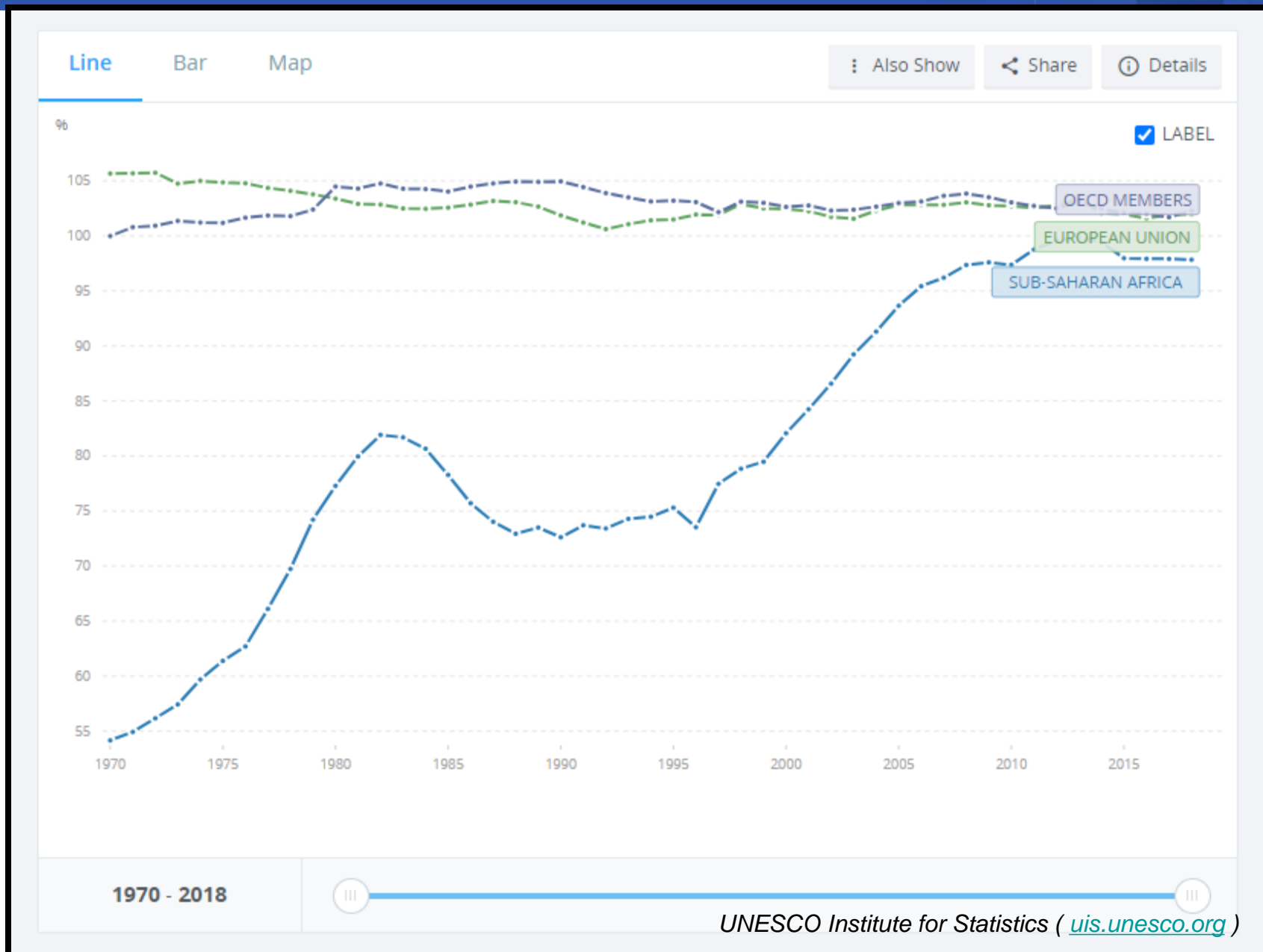
Source: PovcalNet (World Bank)

OurWorldInData.org/extreme-poverty/ • CC BY

Note: Consumption per capita is the preferred welfare indicator for the World Bank's analysis of global poverty. However, for a number of countries poverty is measured in terms of income. An income basis is common amongst high income countries and Latin American countries.

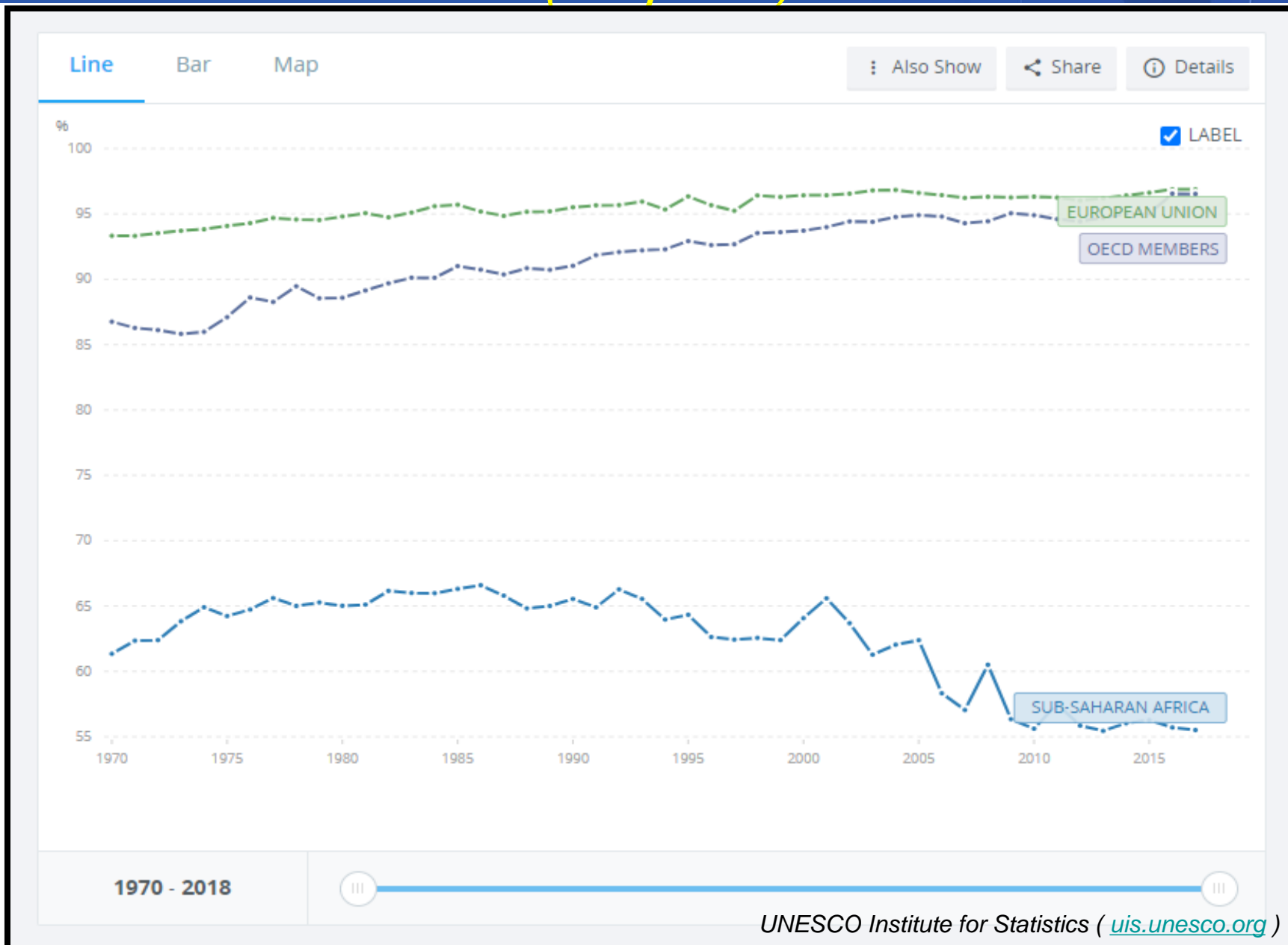


# Primary School Enrollment





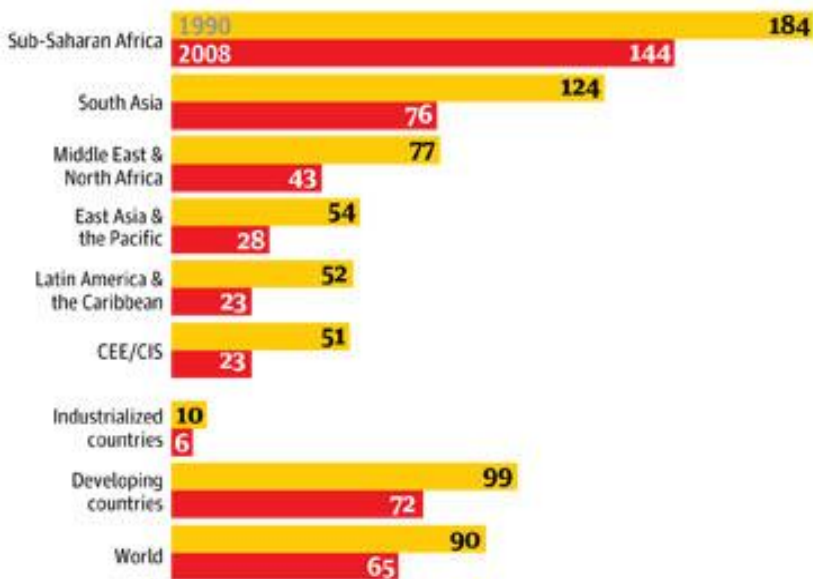
# Primary School Enrollment (Completion)



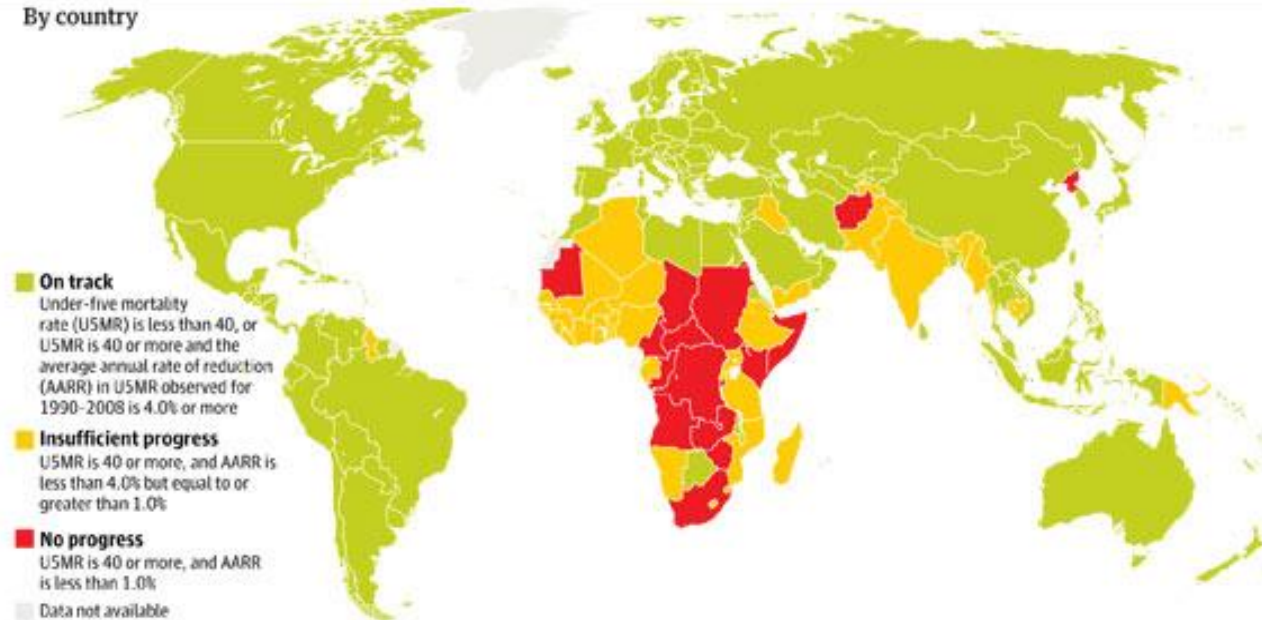
# Global Child Mortality

## Under-five mortality

Rate, per 1,000 live births, by region



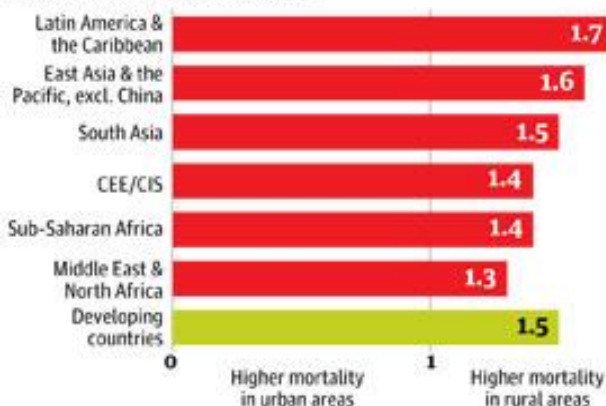
By country



## Across all regions, under-five mortality

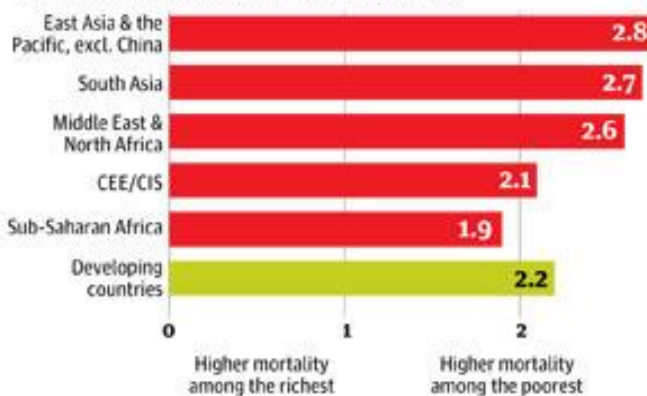
...is higher in rural areas

Ratio of rural areas to urban areas



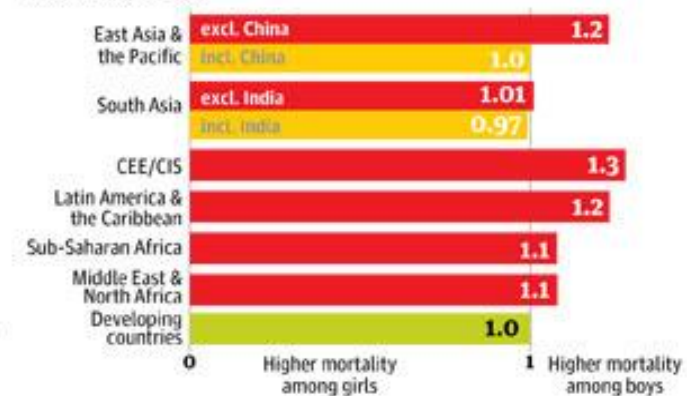
...is higher in the poorest households

The poorest 20% to the richest 20% of households



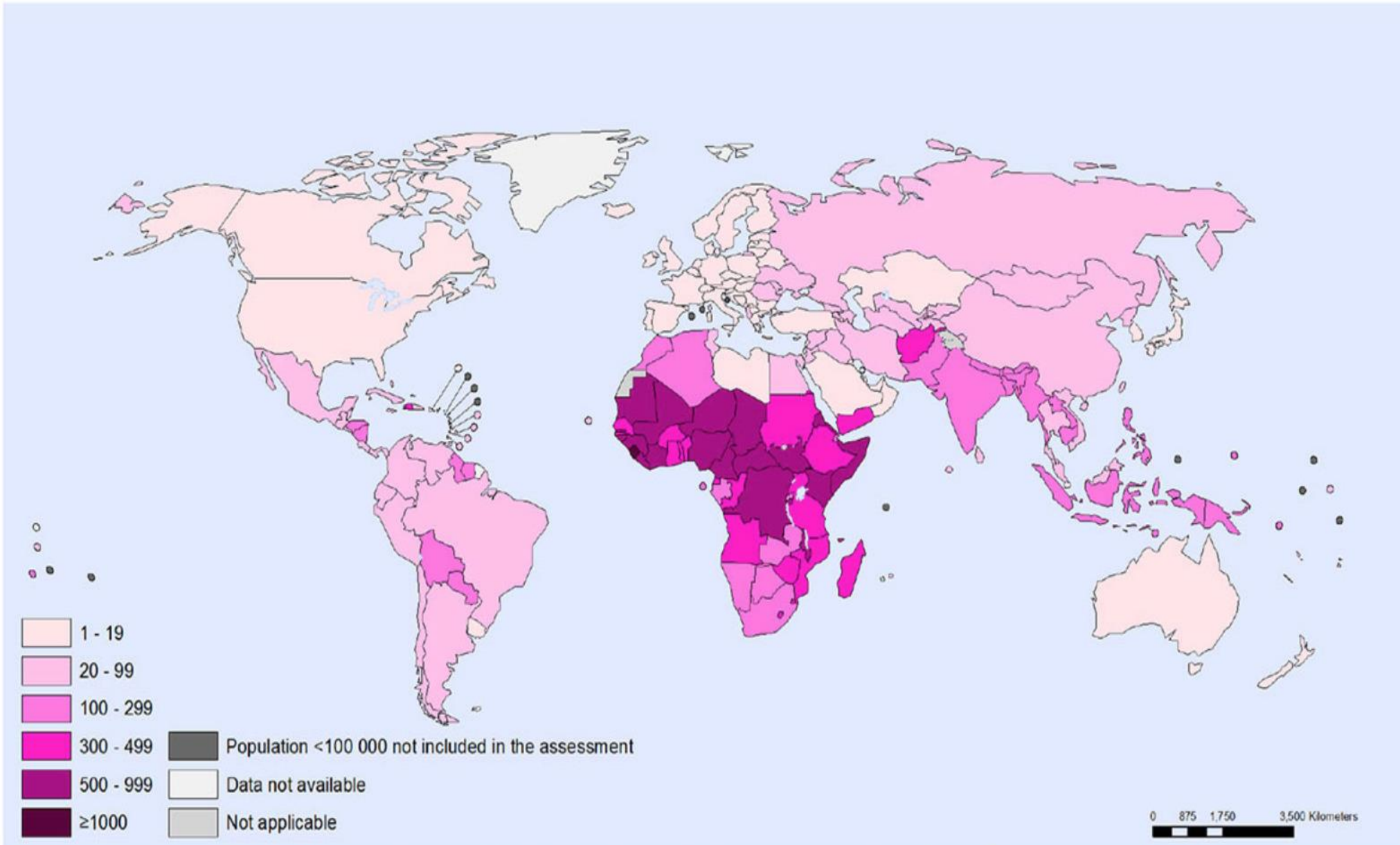
...is usually higher among boys than girls

Ratio of boys to girls





## Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births), 2015



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

Data Source: World Health Organization  
 Map Production: Health Statistics and  
 Information Systems (HSI)  
 World Health Organization  
 Source - WHO Trends in Maternal Mortality 1990 to 2015

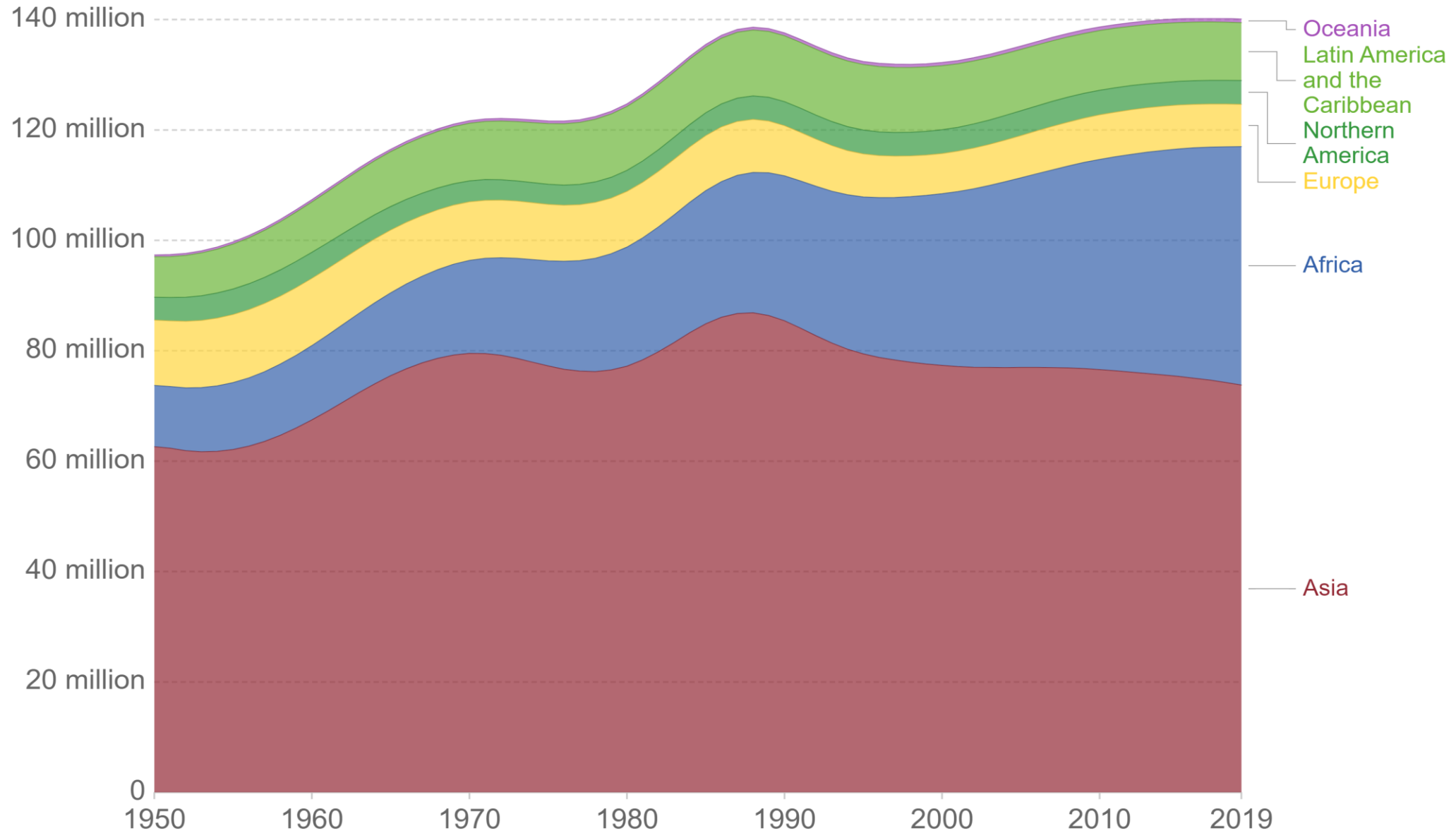


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# World Population

Our World  
in Data

## Annual number of births by world region





# GLOBAL POPULATION FIGURES COMPILED OR PROJECTED BY THE UNITED NATIONS

CONTINENT	POPULATION ESTIMATED/PROJECTED (MILLIONS)					
	1950	1975	2000		2030	
			Total	%Urban	Total	%Urban
North America	172	243	314	77.4	396	84.6
Latin America & Caribbean	167	322	519	75.3	723	84.1
Oceania	13	21	31	74.2	42	76.2
Europe	548	676	727	73.5	670	80.6
Asia	1,399	2,397	3,672	37.5	4,950	54.1
Africa	221	406	794	37.2	1,489	52.9
<b>WORLD</b>	<b>2,520</b>	<b>4,065</b>	<b>6,057</b>	<b>47.3</b>	<b>8,270</b>	<b>60.2</b>

# Life Expectancy in Africa

 BOTH SEXES

**64.1 years**  
(life expectancy at birth,  
both sexes combined)

 FEMALES

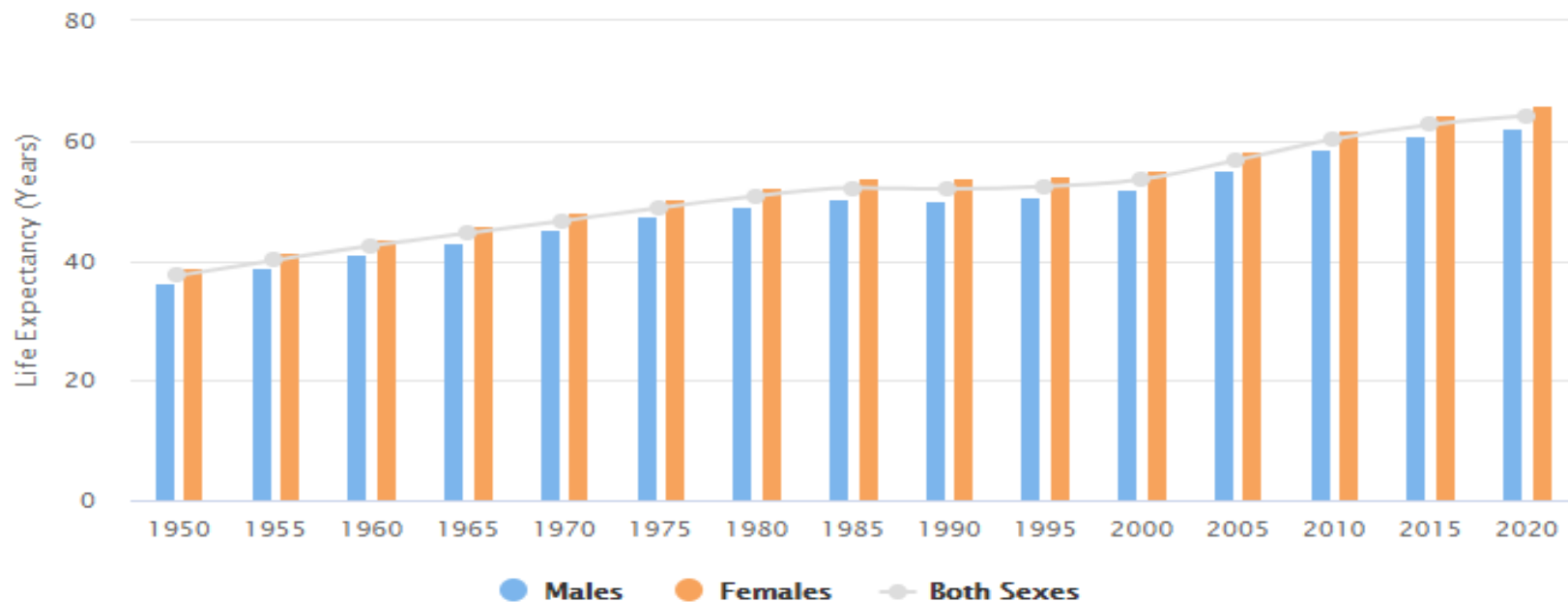
**66.0 years**  
(life expectancy at birth,  
females)

 MALES

**62.3 years**  
(life expectancy at birth,  
males)

## Life Expectancy in Africa from 1955 to Present

Males, Females, and Both Sexes combined



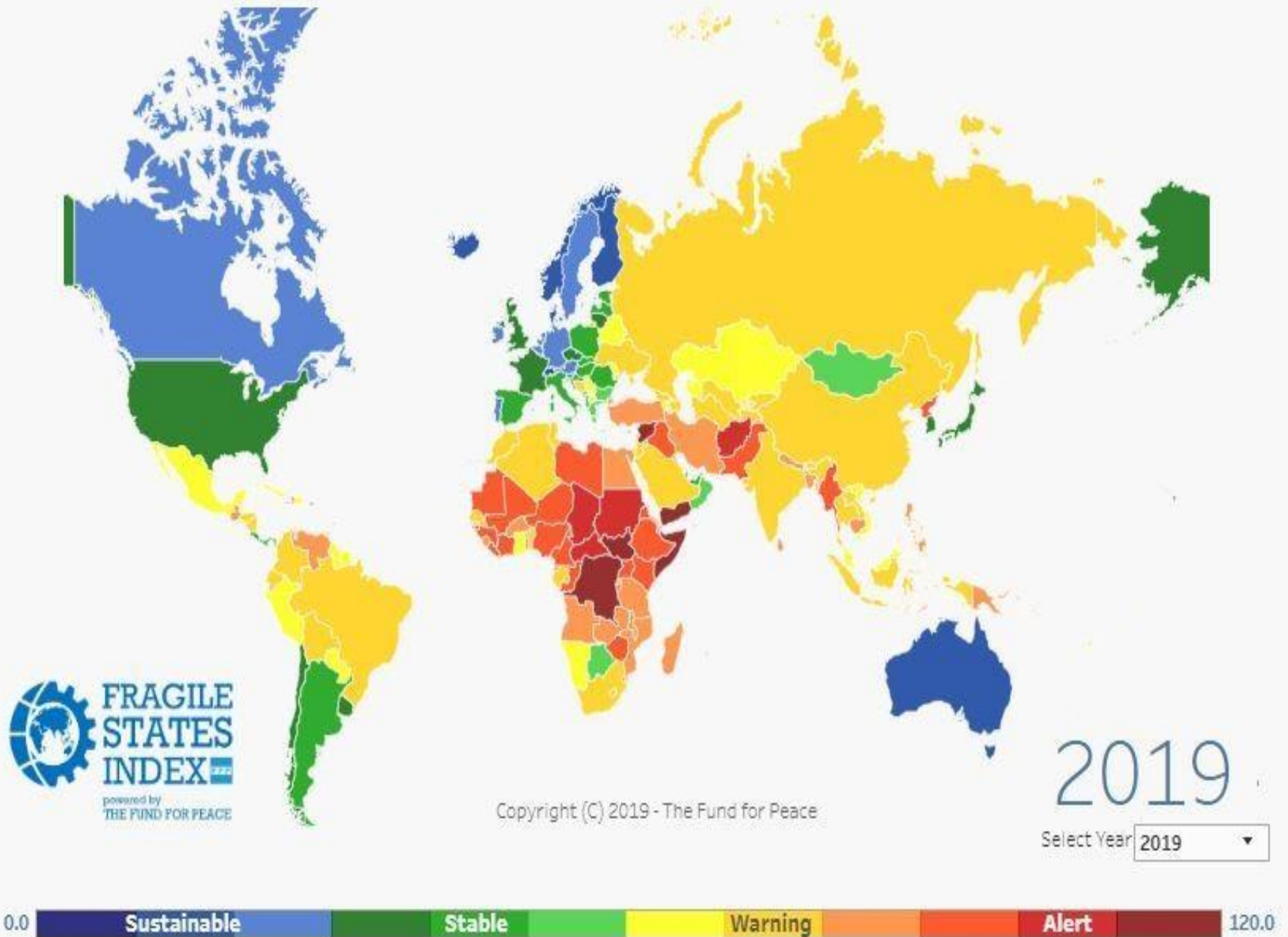
# World Bank Report



- Recent World Bank report describes a typical African today as an **19.7yrs old girl** in the rural area
- In Uganda it is a **16.7 year old girl** in the rural area



# Fragility in the World 2019



Cases

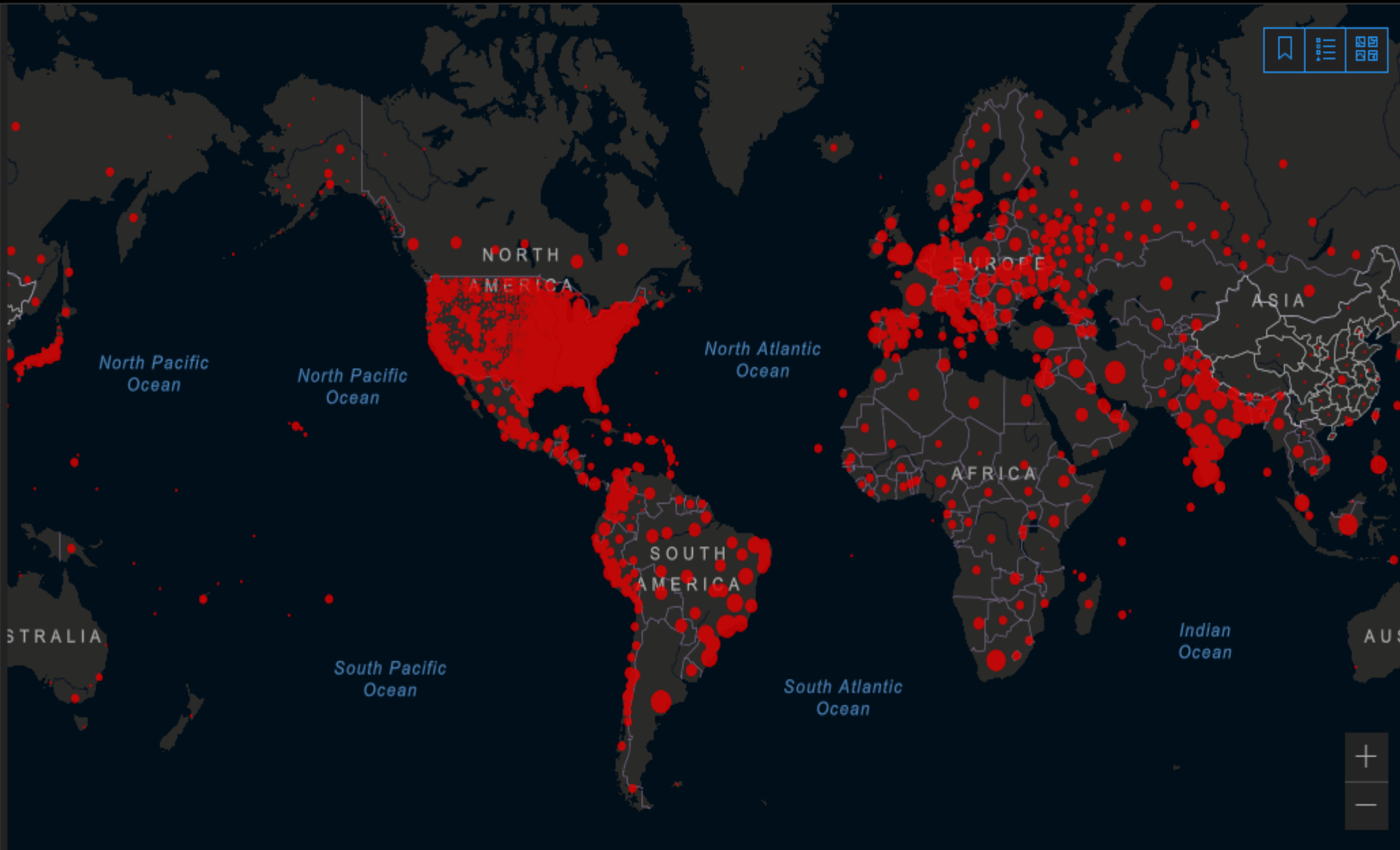
189,527,216

Deaths

4,075,331

Vaccine Doses Administered

3,573,258,114



Esri, FAO, NOAA

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[Cumulative Cases](#)

[Incidence Rate](#)

[Case-Fatality Ratio](#)

[Global Vaccinations](#)

[US Vaccinations](#)

[US Testing Rate](#)

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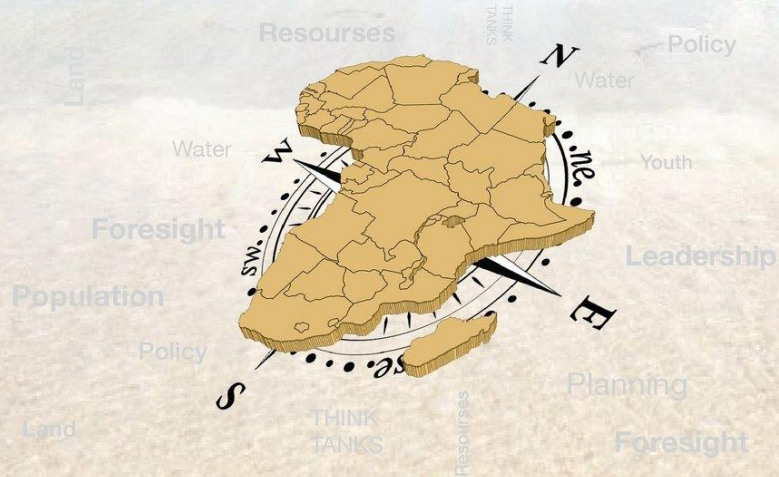


## Covid-19 Pandemic

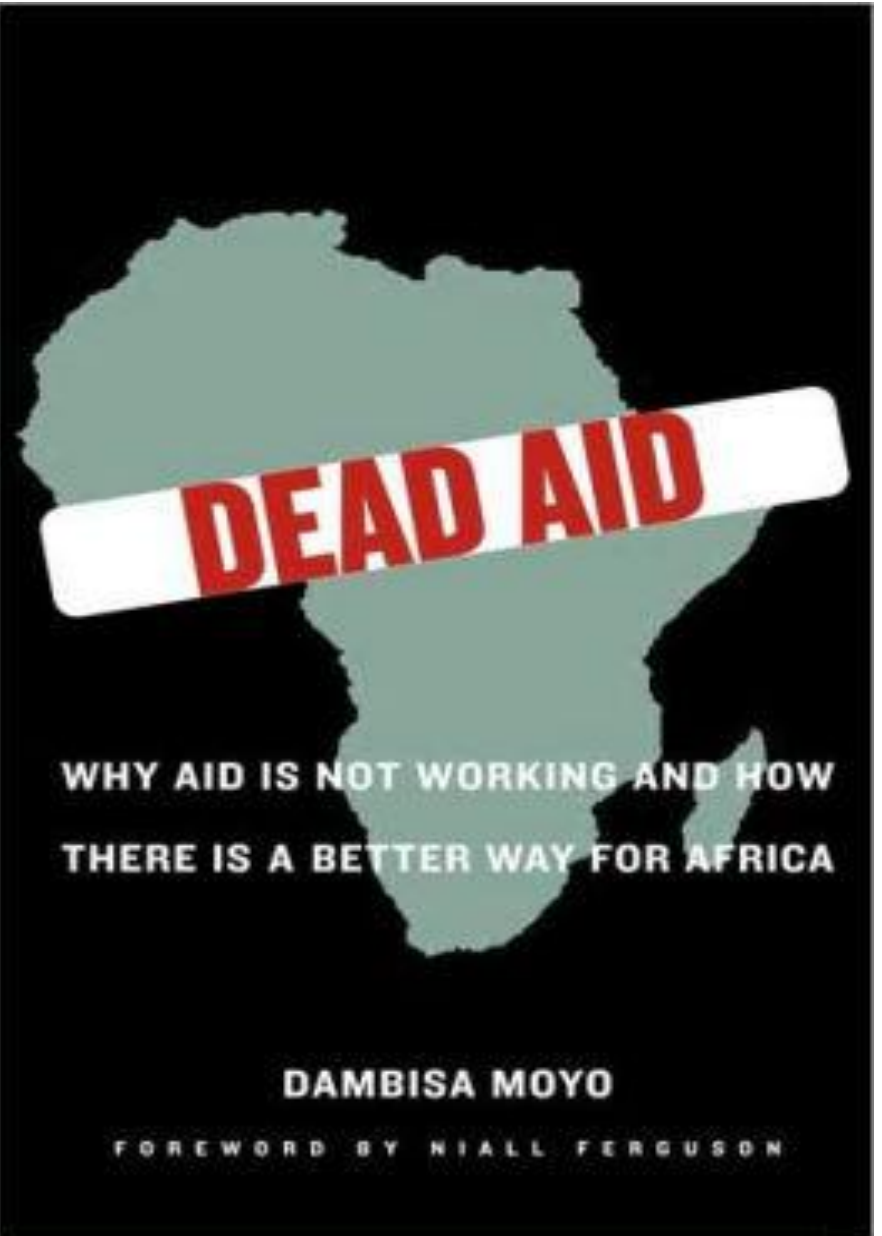


# POSITIONING AFRICA FOR THE 21<sup>ST</sup> CENTURY

The Pivotal Role of Leadership  
and Think Tanks



**Dr. James Magara**



# Questions?





# Institute for National Transformation

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# Sixty Years of Africa Independence – An Odyssey